

Meet the Speakers



Blake A. Baca, CMRP, CRL

Owner/Asset Management Coach, BDB Solutions LLC

- Asset Management professional with over 34 years of experience in industry including mining, refining, refining, smelting, oil & gas, power generation, foundry, manufacturing, and material processing.
- Worked for Alcoa, Inc. for the first 20 years of career.
- Finished up Alcoa career as the Maintenance and Engineering Manager at Alcoa Rockdale Operations in Rockdale, Texas as the facility was shut down due to business conditions in December 2008.
- Asset Management Consultant for over 13 years.
- Bachelor of Science in Mechanical Engineering degree from Texas Tech University.
- Certified Maintenance and Reliability Professional (CMRP) and a Certified Reliability Leader (CRL).
- Served as Maintenance Manager for Barrick Gold Corporation (Goldstrike and Cortez Hills Mines) in Elko, Nevada from 2017-2019.



POLL QUESTION



Why are we here?

- Provide an understanding of the purpose of Data
 Collection and what it will support
- Provide for attendees what is required for good Data
 Collection vs. Bad Data Collection
 - Do's and Don't's





Asset Management

Per ISO 55000, the Institute for Asset Management definition:

- "coordinated activity of an organization to realize value from assets."
- "An asset is an item, thing, or entity that has potential or actual value to an organization."

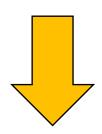
Simply put, Asset Management is a systematic process of deploying, maintaining, upgrading, and disposing of assets cost-effectively



Why Asset Management?

Reliability 1

\$\$/unit





Asset Management Foundation

- In order to have Reliability, what is the foundation?
 - Equipment Register
 - Master Equipment List (MEL)
 - Equipment Hierarchy
 - Master Data



Reliability

Asset Management

Work Management Processes

Reliability

Bad Actors

Defect
Elimination

Asset Strategies
Reliability Centered
Maintenance
(RCM)



Work Management Process – What is it?



Well-defined working relationships between Operations, Maintenance, Reliability, Safety, and Environmental departments 2

Provides structure, processes, and systems for reliability improvement and cost reduction efforts



- Reliability <u>Identifying</u> and <u>Eliminating</u> the <u>Defects</u> that result in failures, costs, and reduction in availability
 - If we're unable to eliminate the defects, we must detect, plan, schedule, execute, and mitigate consequence, costs, thus improving availability



Work Management





Work Management Philosophy

- Charge <u>ALL</u> labor and materials to the proper work order
 - >Why?
- Each work order should be written or mapped to the proper asset and the proper level in the hierarchy
 - >Why?



Work Management Goals and Expectations

- Leadership and Operations must have confidence in Maintenance execution to see the <u>value</u> in the investment of the Work Management versus the <u>cost</u> of the Work Management
- Maintenance must provide efficient, effective, and quality work to:
 - Allow for efficient execution of the schedule to reduce scheduled down duration to improve availability
 - Eliminate or substantially postpone failures
 - Increase the Mean Time Between Failures (MTBF) or Failure Free Period
 - Eliminate or reduce rework

Zero Injuries
100% Availability



Asset Management Work Management **Processes** Reliability Bad Actors **Asset Strategies** Reliability Centered Defect Maintenance **Flimination** (RCM)



Requirements for Asset Management = Reliability Engineering

- Reliability Engineering
 - Application of appropriate Reliability Methodologies (Criticality, RCFA, FMEA, RCM, RAM, etc.)
 - Application of effective Condition Based/Predictive/Proactive Maintenance Tactics
 - > Reliability (Eliminating Failures) focus



What is a failure?

Root Cause Failure Analysis (RCFA)

A failure is an unwanted event

Reliability
Centered
Maintenance
(RCM)

A failure is the inability of an asset to perform user's expectations



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Root Cause Failure Analysis (RCFA)

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Asset Management

Work
Management
Processes

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Asset Strategies
Reliability Centered
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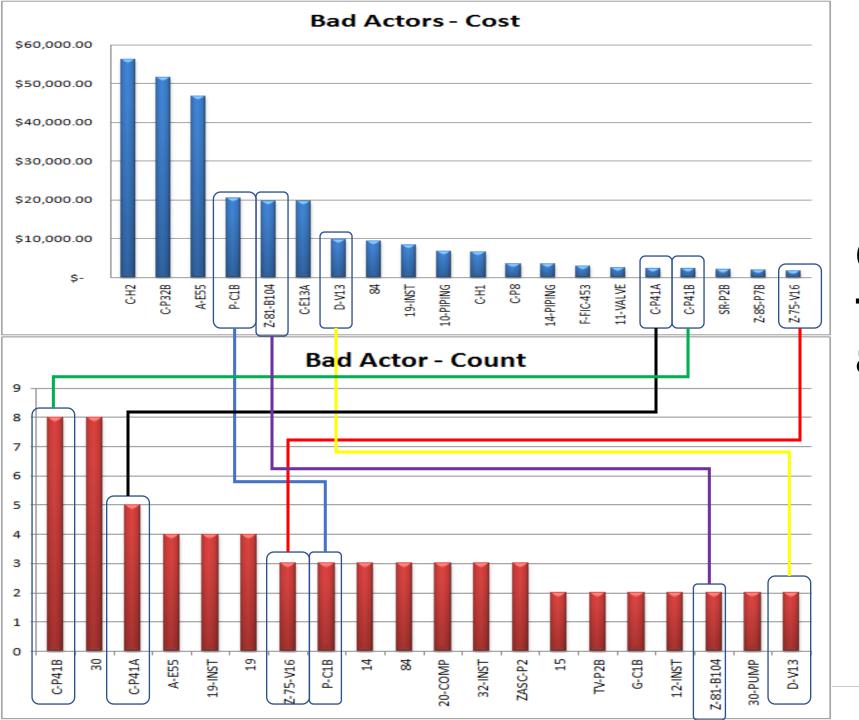


Recognizing Interdependence – The Philosophy

Bad Actors/Defect Elimination

- Through the Work Management Process, are you capturing the frequency and associated <u>cost</u> (labor and materials) in the CMMS associated Urgent/Immediate Break-in work orders?
 - o Is pareto analysis available?
- Does a process exist with roles and responsibilities to formally and periodically review the pareto of high frequency and high <u>cost</u> failures associated with those Urgent/Immediate Break-in work orders <u>with</u> <u>Leadership?</u>
- Do reliability engineers exist who are <u>focused</u> on the elimination of failures?
 - Are they trained in formalized Root Cause Failure Analysis (RCFA)?
- Is the <u>cost</u> associated with those failures or the impact to cash flow from lost production understood?
 - Corrective actions can result in improved asset strategies and reduced labor and materials associated with Work Management.

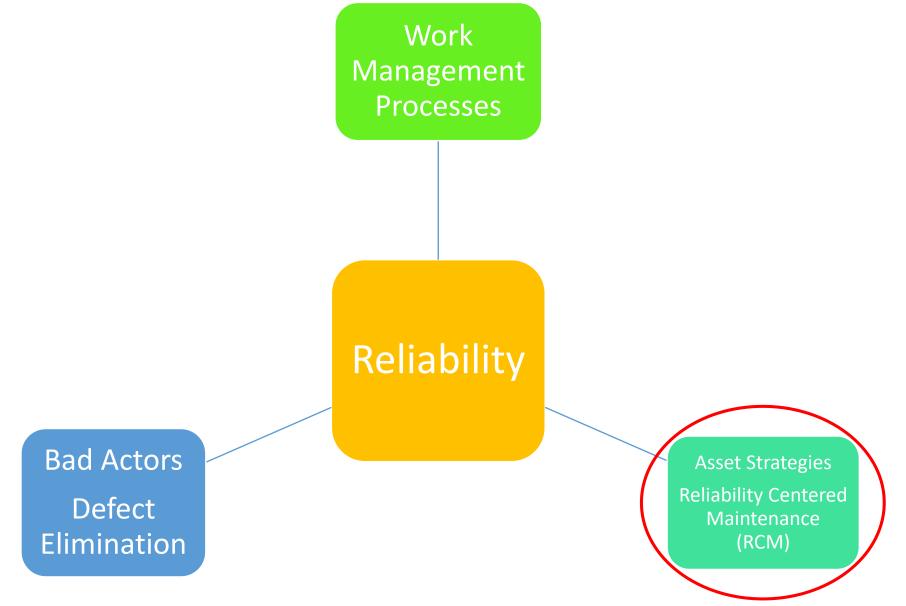




Correlate Data from the CMMS and Downtime (Availability)



Asset Management





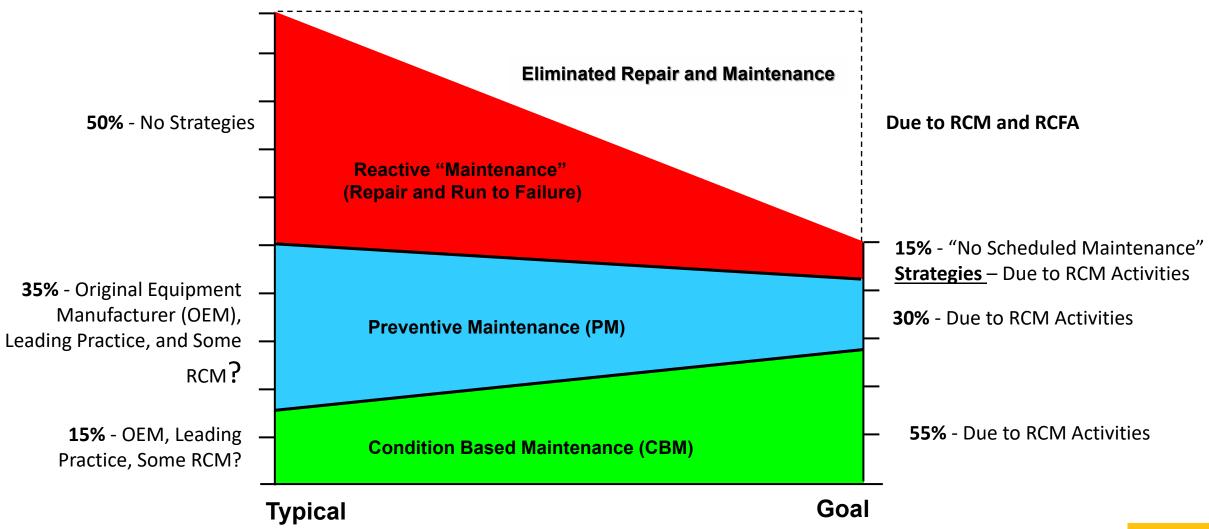
Recognizing Interdependence – The Philosophy

Asset Strategies

- Do you have Asset Strategies?
 - Preventive Maintenance (PM's)
 - Condition Based Maintenance (CBM)
 - Run to Failure (RTF) or No Scheduled Maintenance (NSM)
- How were they created?
 - OEM Recommendations
 - Failures
 - Best Practices
 - Someone requested them because of a failure
 - Reliability Centered Maintenance (RCM)?
- Have the Asset Strategies been optimized?
 - PM Optimization



Where are you spending your maintenance labor to support reliability and availability?





What is a failure?

RCFA

A failure is an unwanted event

RCM

A failure is the inability of an asset to perform user's expectations



Reliability

What is a failure?

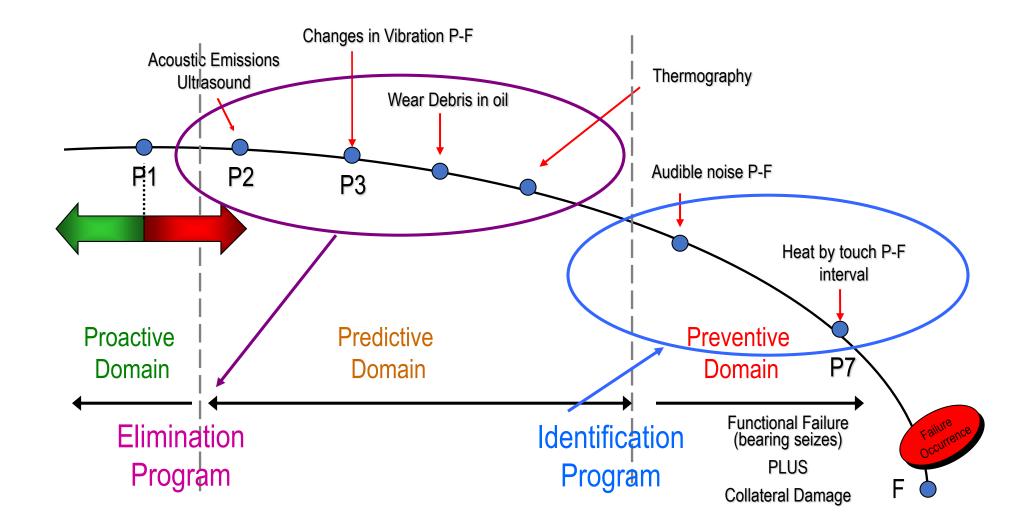
RCM

A failure is the inability of an asset to perform user's expectations



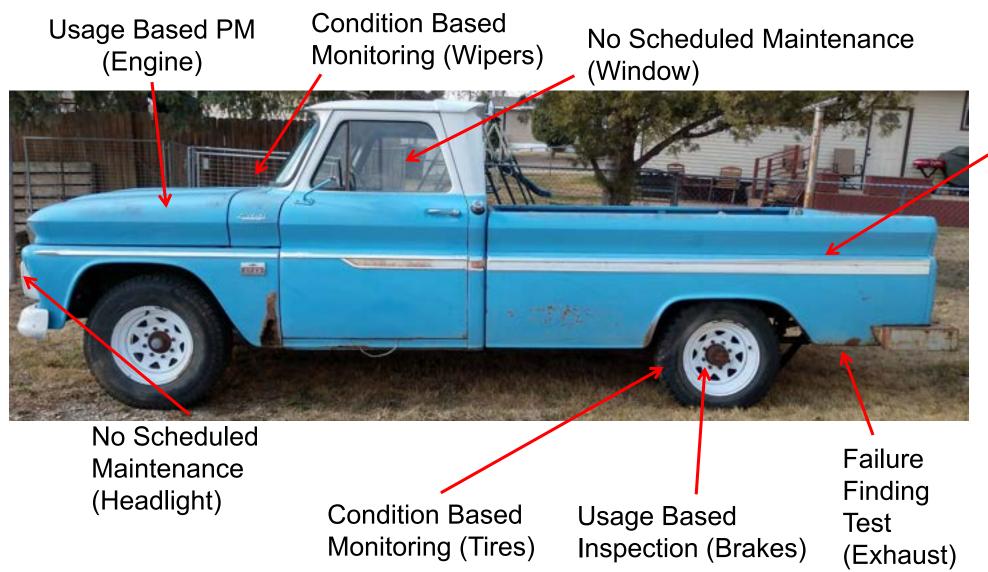
Reliability

The Reliability Challenge





Asset Strategy





Critical

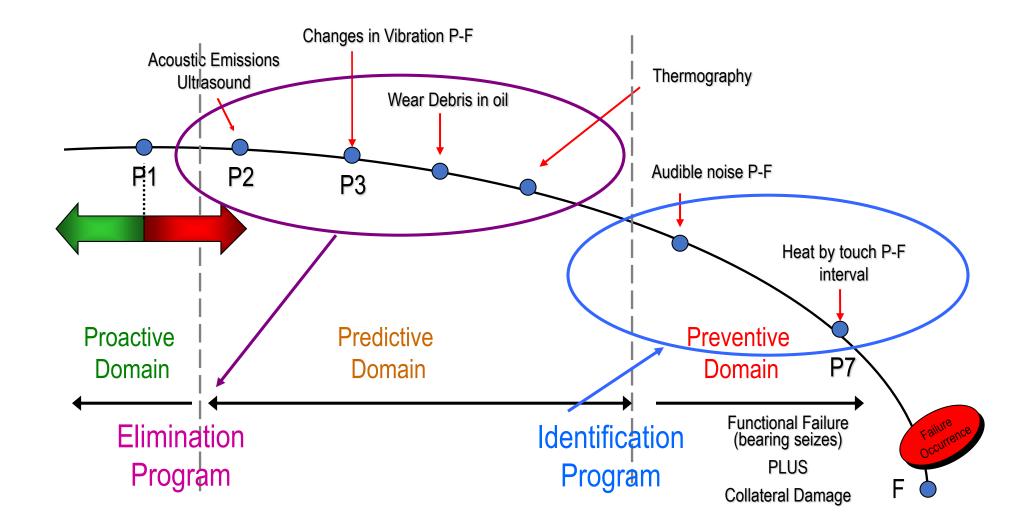
Spare

PME/PMO

- Preventive Maintenance Procedure (PM) Evaluation/Optimization
 - Preventive/Predictive Maintenance Procedures <u>eliminate or</u> <u>substantially postpone</u> a failure
 - Review existing PM's
 - > Sample, Inspect, Review, and Check
 - Employee knowledge
 - > PM Best Practice
 - Revise or Eliminate where necessary
 - Apply accurate time estimates, craft and available technology

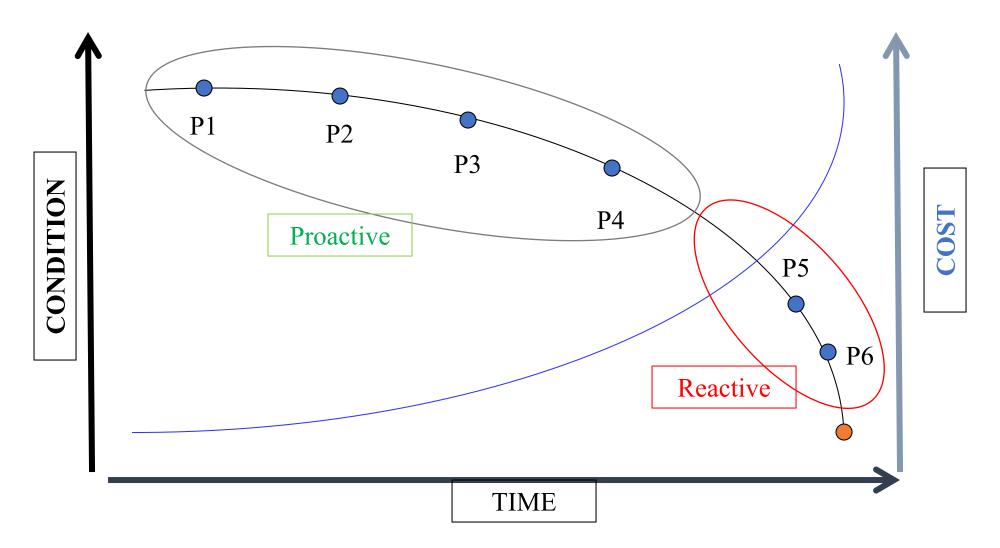


The Reliability Challenge



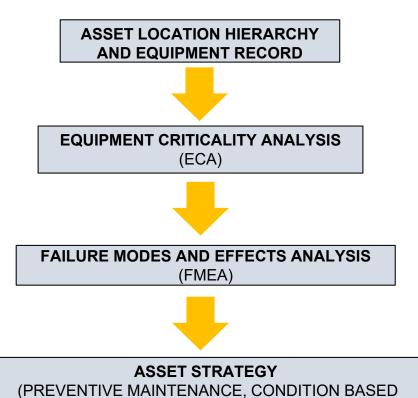


P-F and Cost Chart





Reliability Centered Maintenance (RCM)

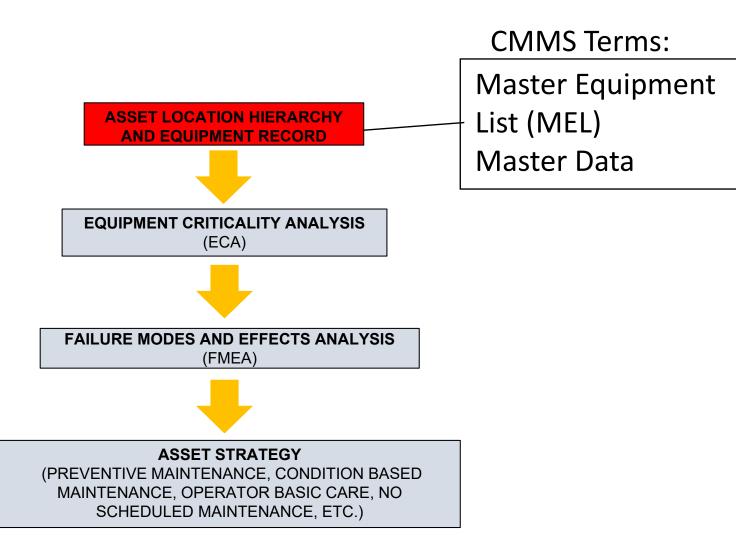


MAINTENANCE, OPERATOR BASIC CARE, NO SCHEDULED MAINTENANCE, ETC.)



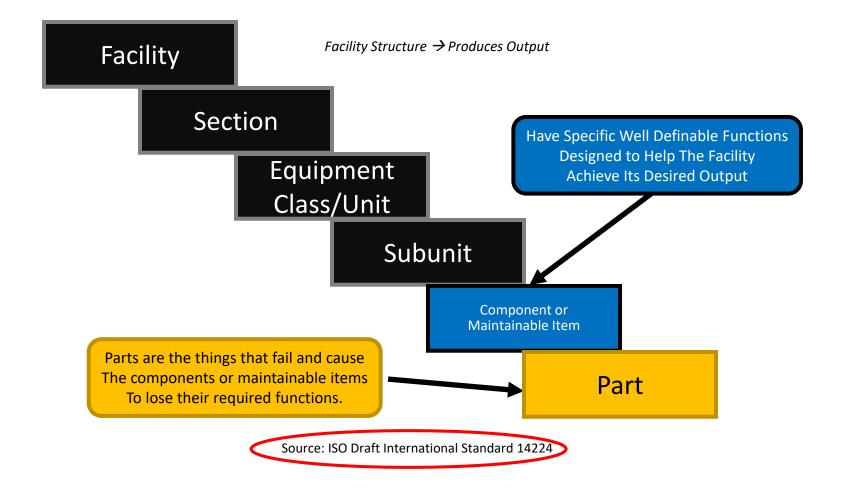
Reliability

Reliability Centered Maintenance (RCM)



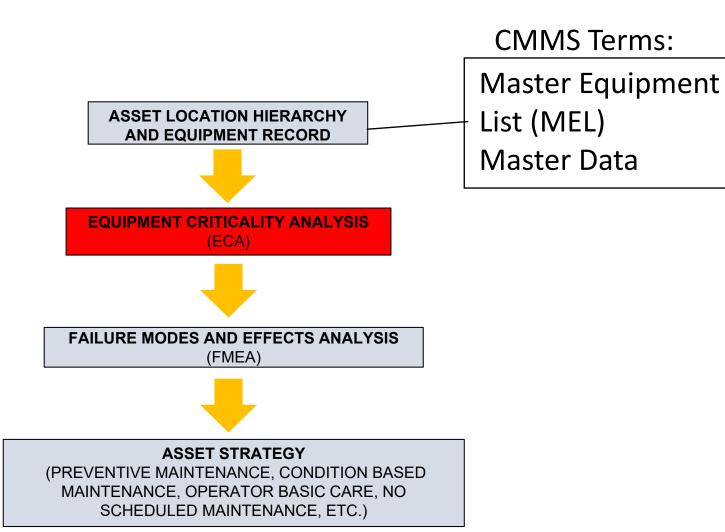


Define Hierarchy





Reliability Centered Maintenance (RCM)





Equipment Criticality Analysis Workbook

					RANK									SAFE			
						Potenti	al for Injury - Equipment Operati	ng		Severity of Injury		Pot	tential for Injury - Under Repair			ments to Prevent Injury - Under Re	•
					RANK	What is the likelihood that an individual would suffer an injury if a piece of equipment were to fail or malfunction?			If an injury occurs due to equipment failure or malfunction or while maintenance activities are in progress, what is the severity of the most likely injury that could occur?			What is the likelihood that an individual would suffe an injurg while performing maintenance activities o a piece of equipment?					
					₹	Criteria Weight	Weight Definition	Points	Criteria Weight		Points	Criteria Weight	Weight Definition	Points	Criteria Weight	Weight Definition	Poi
					<u>~</u>	None	None > than outside the plant	0	None	Single On-site First Aid (recordable); No Off	0	None	None > than outside the plant	0	None	None > than outside the plant	
EQUIPMENT CRITICALITY ASSESSMENT (ECA)					ASSET	Low	Minimal chance for injury to occur	100	Low	site Impact Single On-site LWD; Multiple On-site First Aids (recordables); Off-site Exposure Likely But No Effects	100	Low	Minimal chance for injury to occur	75	Low	Safety Procedure/Action Required	7
					FINALA	Medium	Reasonable chance for injury to occur	200	Medium	But No Effects Single On-site Permanent Injury; Multiple LWD Injuries; Single Off-site Non- nermanent Injury Single On-site Fatality, Multiple On-site	200	Medium	Reasonable chance for injury to occur	150	Medium	Special Safety Equipment Required	15
					H	High	Significant chance injury will occur	500	High	Single On-site Fatality, Multiple On-site Permanent Injuries; Permanent Off-site Injury: Multiple Off-site Non-permanent Multiple On-site Fatalities; Single Off-site	500	High	Significant chance injury will occur	375	High	Regulatory Compliance Required	37
							-		Very High	Fatality; Multiple Off-site Permanent Injuries	750	<u> </u>	-	·			
			*************				<u>-</u>		-	- 1		•	<u>-</u>			-	
PSID				TROM	COMM FINAL ASS		POTENTIAL FOR INJURY - EQUIPME			_	**********		POTENTIAL FOR INJURY - UNDER			REQUIREMENTS TO PREVENT INJURY 📹	
Reference	→ Line → :	_	→ ASSET ID →	FAILU	RE RANK	RESULT 🚽	OPERATING **	POIN 🕌	RESULT 🚽		POIN 🔻	RESULT 🚽	REPAIR *	POI	RESULT 🚽	UNDER REPAIR	₩ PC
		4" FOG 4" FOG		LINE	#N/A		#N/A	#N/A		#N/A	#N/A #N/A		#N/A	#N/A		#N/A	
		4" FOG		LINE	#N/A		#N/A #N/A	#N/A #N/A			#N/A	-	#N/A #N/A	#N/A		#N/A #N/A	
		4" FOG		LINE	#N/A	-	#N/A	#N/A			#N/A	-	#N/A	#N/A	,	#N/A	- 1
		4" FOG		LINE	#N/A	-	#N/A	#N/A			#N/A		#N/A	#N/A	,	#N/A	
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		0" FOG		LINE	#N/A		#N/A	#N/A			#N/A		#N/A	#N/A	,	#N/A	7
		6" FOG		LINE	#N/A		#N/A	#N/A			#N/A		#N/A	#N/A		#N/A	7
	01 8"-TAG-60022-ACB-30-H-MT			LINE	#N/A		#N/A	#N/A			#N/A		#N/A	#N/A		#N/A	- P
	01 8"-TAG-60022-ACB-30-H-MT		GE-PE-6002-1	PRESSURE ELEMENT													\rightarrow
		8" FOG		PRESSURE TRANSMITTER													
		8" FOG		PRESSURE INDICATOR													\neg
	01 8"-TAG-60022-ACB-30-H-MT		GE-PDI-6002	PRESS DIFF INDICATOR													
	01 8"-TAG-60022-ACB-30-H-MT			PRESSURE ELEMENT													
	01 8"-TAG-60022-ACB-30-H-MT			PRESSURE TRANSMITTER													
80-PROC-P&ID-00	01 8"-TAG-60022-ACB-30-H-MT			PRESSURE INDICATOR													
	01 8"-TAG-60022-ACB-30-H-MT			PRESSURE GAUGE													
		8" FOG		BASKET STRAINER													
	01 8"-TAG-60022-ACB-30-H-MT		GE-P-6102A	FEED DISTILATION RAIL PUMP	#N/A		#N/A	#N/A			#N/A		#N/A	#N/A		#N/A	
		8" FOG		LINE	#N/A		#N/A	#N/A		#N/A	#N/A		#N/A	#N/A		#N/A	
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	01 8"-TAG-60023-ACB-30-H-MT		GE-PT-6003-1	PRESSURE TRANSMITTER													+
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	01 8"-TAG-60023-ACB-30-H-MT 01 8"-TAG-60023-ACB-30-H-MT			PRESSURE ELEMENT	#N/A		#N/A	#N/A		#N/A	#N/A		#N/A	#N/A		#IV/A	_
		8" FOG 8" FOG	GE-P1-6003-2	PRESSURE TRANSMITTER PRESSURE INDICATOR													+
	01 8"-TAG-60023-ACB-30-H-MT			PRESSURE GAUGE													+
	01 8"-TAG-60023-ACB-30-H-MT		GE-F-6102B?	BASKET STRAINER													+
		8" FOG		FEED DISTILATION RAIL PUMP													+
	01 8"-TAG-60023-ACB-30-H-MT			VIBRATION TRANSMITTER													-
		8" FOG	GE-71-0102	LINE	#N/A		#N/A	#N/A		#N/A	#N/A		#N/A	#N/A		#N/A	-
		4" FOG	1	LINE	#N/A		#N/A	#N/A			#N/A		#N/A	#N/A		#N/A	- 1
								#N/A									



Rate Assets

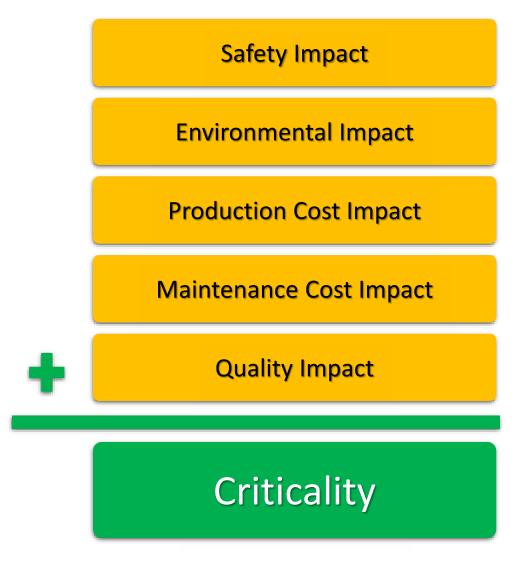
Identify the most common failures

 Consider frequency of failures and impacts for each asset based on team input and validated by data collection where possible

 Based on the impact criteria tables, criticality is consistently assessed and assigned to each asset



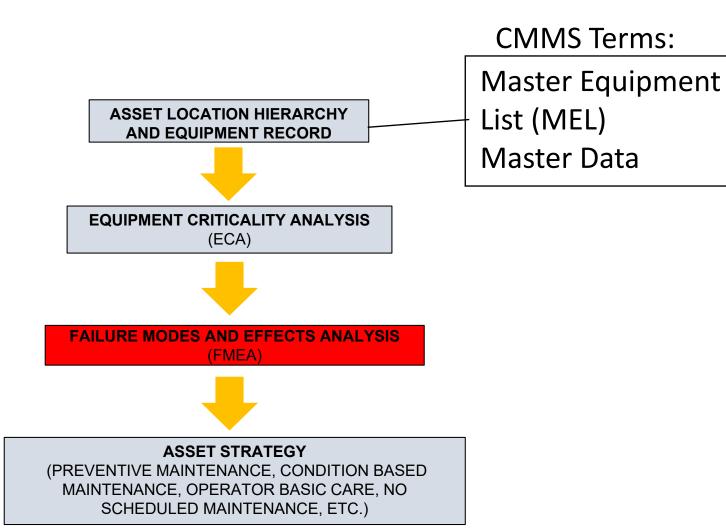
Criticality = Sum of Impact Criteria





Reliability

Reliability Centered Maintenance (RCM)





Analysis

Information to be Documented

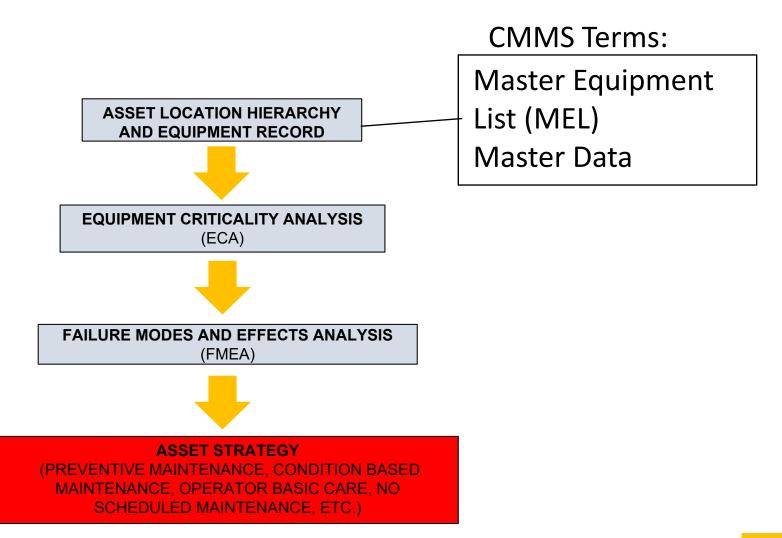
(RCM – 7 Questions)

- What are the functions and associated performance standards of the asset in the present operating context? (FUNCTION)
- 2. In what ways does it fail to fulfill its functions (FUNCTIONAL FAILURE)
- 3. What causes each functional failure (FAILURE MODE)
- 4. What happens when each failure occurs (FAILURE EFFECTS)
- 5. Why does the failure matter? (FAILURE CONSEQUENCES)
- 6. What can be done to predict or prevent each failure? (TASK SELECTION)
- 7. What should be done if a suitable task cannot be found?





Reliability Centered Maintenance (RCM)



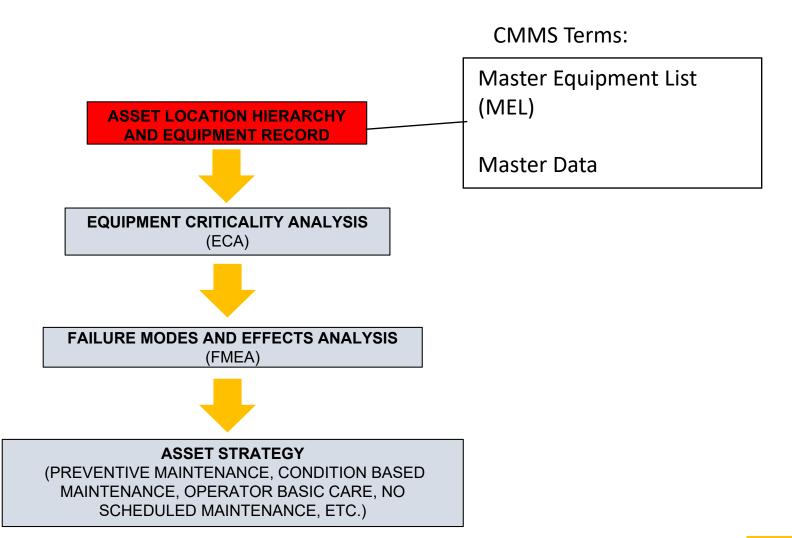


Asset Management

How do we effectively enable ourselves to capture history and cost to effectively manage our assets?



Reliability Centered Maintenance (RCM)





Data Collection Purpose

- To provide a plant/facility with agreed-to standardized definitions, designs, processes, and guidelines for building the Asset Hierarchy and Equipment Register
 - CMMS terms: Master Equipment List (MEL) and Master Data
- To provide a documented starting point for Continuous Improvement.



Data Collection - Objectives

To ensure:

- The plant/facility is broken down into logical units using a structured and consistent approach.
- There are business rules in place for what is defined as a location vs. an equipment record vs. a component/spare part vs. a failure code.
- That the lowest level location boundaries are defined in a consistent manner, recognizing that equipment must always be viewed through the regulatory and operating contexts.
- Reliability analysis is enabled and facilitated throughout the hierarchy and across common elements in the hierarchy.



Data Collection – Objectives continued

To ensure:

- Budgeting and cost tracking / drill-down is available from the top level through the equipment level.
- That taxonomy is defined and implemented consistently, i.e. how locations and equipment are described and how the various fields in the CMMS are used to group and classify these entities.
- A structure is in place to enable consistent collection and analyzing of data, to turn into information, so that timely and appropriate action can be taken.



ISO 14224

API Standard 689/ISO 14224

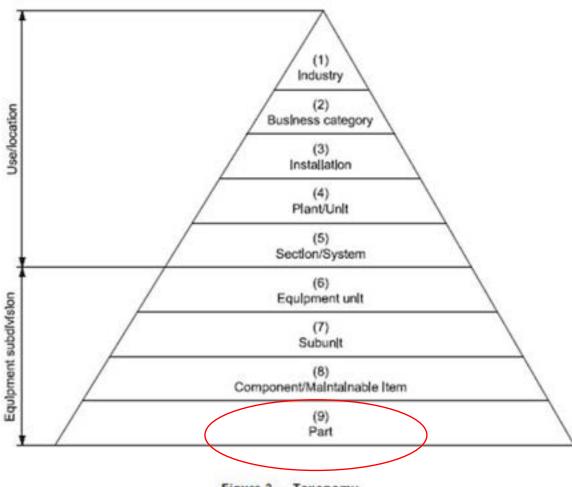


Figure 3 — Taxonomy



- Establish a standard for hierarchy and parent/child relationships (ISO 14224 baseline)
 - Ensure all assets/equipment linked through the hierarchy
- Establish the hierarchy order as it will be viewed in a tree view
 - Example 1: Equipment ordered by respective process flow location by System
 - Example 2: Equipment categorized by asset class by System
- Establish a standard format for asset descriptions
 - Example: NOUN, DESCRIPTOR, IDENTIFIER, ASSET NUMBER



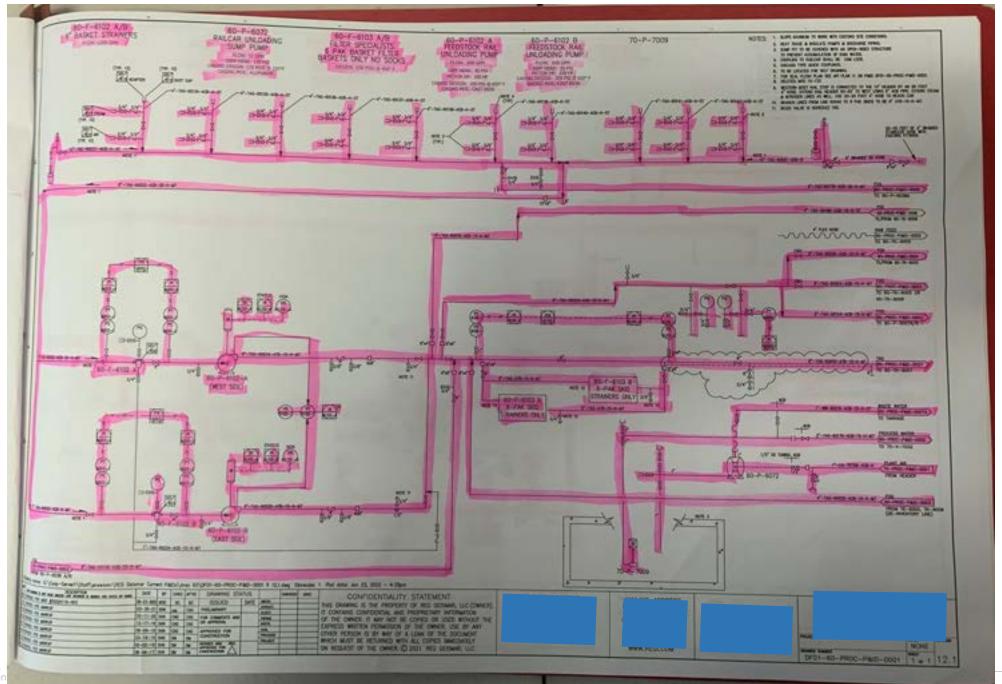
- Define at what level the hierarchy stops
 - Example: Component (lowest level of maintainable component) BEARING, BELT, SHEAVE
 - Component level hierarchy can require subject matter expert knowledge and/or equipment drawings/manuals
- Define and Understand the difference between hierarchy and Bill of Materials (BOM)
 - Bill of Materials requires equipment drawings and/or manuals (BOM is a topic in itself)



- Use a P&ID (Piping and Instrument Diagram) or PFD (Process Flow Diagram) as the roadmap for filed verification
- Verify existing data
- Collect asset class attributes
 - Example: Motor>>HP, RPM, FRAME SIZE, VOLTAGE
- Include the asset number in data collection
 - Verify a minimum of a 3-way match (P&ID/Drawing, Field Tag, CMMS Data)
- Assign each asset an asset class
- Tag assets with the correct Asset Number (see above)
 - Consider RFID tags to enable mobile device scanning











 Ensure account reporting is attached at the correct level and appropriate asset data will roll up



- Assume that your CMMS is correct
- Put the minimum amount of data to create an asset record in the system and assume you'll "build it as you go"
- Assume the IT department can take a simple spreadsheet and put the information in the CMMS (except eMaint)
- Assume the IT department has a template that includes asset class attributes (except eMaint)
 - Example: Motor>>HP, RPM, FRAME SIZE, VOLTAGE



- Forget to check for duplicates
 - Asset Descriptions
 - Asset Numbers (actual asset numbers, not system generated numbers)



Questions

QUESTIONS?



Thank you!

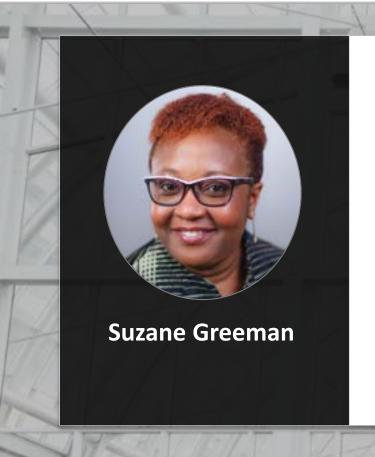


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Reliability

Next webinar DATE: TITLE



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